







Where We Are

We implemented the new Companies Ordinance (CO) in March 2014

According to the World Bank's Doing Business Report 2017:

- Hong Kong ranks third worldwide in protecting minority investors
- Hong Kong ranks third in the case of starting a business
- Hong Kong ranks fourth in the ease of doing business







New Initiatives to enhance corporate governance

- Private company to have at least one individual acting as director
- More effective rules to deal with directors' conflicts of interest
- Clarified the standard of director's duty of care, skill and diligence
- Public companies and other companies not qualified for simplified reporting to prepare business review
- Empowering auditors to require a wider range of persons to provide information / explanation







New Initiatives to facilitate business

- Abolishing the memorandum of association
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- Making the use of a common seal optional
- Facilitating small and medium-sized enterprises to prepare simplified financial statements
- Introduction of court-free procedures for the reduction of a company's capital, restoration of companies and amalgamation of wholly-owned intra group companies







Achievement of objectives – up to August 2017

- Around 60% of the new companies incorporated electronically adopted the sample articles of association provided at the e-Registry (www.eregistry.gov.hk)
- Around 98% of those companies which reduced their share capital adopted the alternative court-free procedure
- Around 55% of the restoration cases dealt with under the new administrative procedure
- 88 groups of companies undergone the new court-free amalgamation procedure







What's Next

The first review and CO amendment exercise

The more substantive amendments include –

- ➤ allow more companies to benefit from reporting exemption by expanding the scope to include groups of companies with non-HK subsidiaries and a group comprising both private and guarantee companies
- ➤ align the obligations of non-HK companies with those of local companies in the display of company names







(I) Enhancing Transparency of Beneficial Ownership of Hong Kong Companies

Companies (Amendment) Bill 2017

Companies shall: -

- maintain a Significant Controllers Register ("SCR"), containing required particulars of registrable persons and registrable legal entities, for inspection by law enforcement officers upon demand; and
- take reasonable steps to ascertain the persons who have significant control over a company.







Significant control

 A person has significant control over a company if the person has a controlling ownership interest (e.g. >25% of shareholdings or voting rights), or if the person exercises control through other means (e.g. holding the right to appoint or remove a majority of directors).

Who are significant controllers

- Registrable person an individual who ultimately has significant control over the company
- Registrable legal entity a legal entity which has significant control and is the immediate holding company







(II) Regulation of Trust or Company Service Providers in Hong Kong

Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing (Financial Institutions) (Amendment) Bill 2017

- (i) To prescribe statutory CDD and record-keeping requirements applicable to solicitors, accountants, estate agents, and trust or company service providers ("TCSPs); and
- (ii) To introduce a licensing regime for TCSPs to require them to apply for a licence from the Registrar of Companies and satisfy a "fit-and-proper" test before providing trust or company services as a business in Hong Kong.







Thank you

www.cr.gov.hk

