

卓越求變 邁向新天

DRIVING CHANGE FOR A **BRIGHTER FUTURE**



本處一直協助財經事務及庫務局（下稱「財庫局」）推展《公司條例》（第622章）的法例修訂工作，並一向高度重視加強《公司條例》（第622章），從而鞏固香港作為全球商業與金融中心的地位，並滿足公司和社會不斷轉變的需求，同時履行本處在打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集活動方面的國際責任。

我們深信，將尖端科技融入本處服務並推出新措施，對主動求變開創未來的工作，會發揮關鍵作用。

The Registry has assisted the Financial Services and the Treasury Bureau ("FSTB") in taking forward legislative amendments to the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622). We have consistently attached great importance to enhancing the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) in an effort to strengthen Hong Kong's position as a global business and financial hub and meet the changing needs of companies and the community, while fulfilling our international responsibility in fighting against money laundering and terrorist financing.

We firmly believe that the integration of cutting-edge technology into our services, together with the introduction of new initiatives, will be instrumental in driving change for a brighter future.



公司遷冊制度

公司遷冊制度由《2025年公司（修訂）（第2號）條例》引入，並於二零二五年五月二十三日開始實施，旨在提供一項簡單、便捷及具成本效益的途徑，讓非香港法團得以遷冊來港而無須進行複雜及費用高昂的司法程序。

遷冊不會產生新的法律實體，公司得以保留在法律上的法人團體身分，確保業務可持續無間地運作；同時，其一切財產、權利、義務、法律責任，以及其現有合約和法律程序，均不受影響。

該制度自二零二五年五月實施以來，已廣受關注。截至二零二六年三月三十一日，本處共收到52份遷冊申請，其中已有30間公司成功遷冊來港。遷冊申請的公司來自多個司法管轄區，包括英屬維爾京群島、盧森堡、百慕達和開曼群島。

借鏡在該制度下處理申請所累積的經驗，本處將繼續致力有效實施相關安排，以支持香港進一步發展成為國際領先企業的首選註冊地。

人工智能技術的應用

人工智能於各行各業的應用日益廣泛，以提升業務效率。為了在瞬息萬變的科技發展與商業環境中與時並進，本處除了已在網站推出人工智能聊天機械人「Clare」之外，還正在探索如何於業務流程中應用人工智能，提升整體業務表現與效率。本處已採用生成式人工智能文件處理工具「港文通」，協助擬備一般文件，並於二零二五年運用人工智能技術製作宣傳品。本處會持續致力於運用人工智能推動服務創新，滿足客戶不斷轉變的需求，並支援政府推行數碼措施。

Company Re-domiciliation Regime

Introduced under the Companies (Amendment) (No. 2) Ordinance 2025, the Company Re-domiciliation Regime came into operation on 23 May 2025. It provides a simple, accessible and cost-effective pathway for non-Hong Kong corporations to re-domicile to Hong Kong without having to undergo complex and costly judicial procedures.

Re-domiciliation will not create a new legal entity. The company's legal identity as a body corporate is preserved, ensuring seamless business continuity, while all its property, rights, obligations and liabilities, together with its existing contracts and legal proceedings, remain unaffected.

The regime has attracted considerable interest since its implementation in May 2025. As at 31 March 2026, the Registry had received a total of 52 applications for re-domiciliation, of which 30 companies had been successfully re-domiciled to Hong Kong. The applicants came from a range of jurisdictions, including the British Virgin Islands, Luxembourg, Bermuda and the Cayman Islands.

Drawing on the experience gained from processing applications under the regime, the Registry remains committed to administering it effectively and supporting Hong Kong's further development as a premier domicile for leading international corporations.

Application of AI Technology

AI is increasingly being adopted across different sectors to enhance efficiency. To keep pace with rapid technological advancement and changes in business dynamics, apart from the AI chatbot "Clare" already implemented on the Registry's website, we are also exploring the application of AI in our business processes to enhance overall performance and efficiency. The Registry has adopted "HKPilot", a generative AI document processing tool, to assist in preparing general documents, and leveraged AI technology in preparing publicity materials in 2025. The Registry remains committed to driving innovation in service delivery through the use of AI to meet evolving customer needs and support digital government initiatives.

全面翻新的公司註冊處綜合資訊系統（「綜合資訊系統」）

本處竭誠為市民提供優質服務，並積極尋求機會提升營運效率，為客戶提供更便捷的服務。

為支援公司遷冊制度，本處已於二零二五年五月完成全面翻新的綜合資訊系統的提升工作。該制度為非香港法團提供簡單、便捷且具成本效益的途徑遷冊來港，同時保留公司在法律上的法人團體身分，並確保業務運作得以延續。

為進一步支援獲授權機構運用「應用程式介面」進入與本處系統連接的香港金融管理局的「商業數據通」數據基建，以查閱公司登記冊的資料，本處於二零二六年三月推出「應用程式介面」的批量檢索功能，向獲授權機構提供高效的大批量查冊方案。

為在大灣區營商提供便利

建設大灣區在中國內地發展藍圖中具有重大發展策略意義。香港憑藉背靠祖國的強大後盾和聯通世界的獨特優勢，具備良好條件，有利於抓緊建設大灣區所產生的發展動力與機遇。為了增加香港作為理想營商城市的吸引力，本處會繼續致力促進高水平的企業管治標準、維持高效的公司登記系統和便利在香港開辦企業。我們藉此建立開放、值得信賴且具競爭力的營商環境，從而鞏固香港作為國際金融中心的地位，並進一步加強香港「超級聯繫人」和「超級增值人」的角色。

Revamped Integrated Companies Registry Information System ("ICRIS")

The Registry remains committed to delivering high-quality services and identifying opportunities to enhance efficiency and provide greater convenience to customers.

The revamped ICRIS was enhanced in May 2025 to support implementation of the Company Re-domiciliation Regime, which provides a simple, accessible and cost-effective route for non-Hong Kong corporations to re-domicile to Hong Kong while preserving their legal identities as body corporates and ensuring business continuity.

To further support searches of the Register's information by authorized institutions through the Commercial Data Interchange ("CDI") data infrastructure of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority by Application Programming Interface ("API"), a batch mode API search function was introduced in March 2026 to provide authorized institutions with an efficient solution for conducting bulk searches.

Facilitating Businesses in the Greater Bay Area

The development of the Greater Bay Area is accorded strategic importance in the development blueprint of the Chinese Mainland. Leveraging its unique advantages of having strong support from the motherland and close connectivity with the world, Hong Kong is well positioned to capitalise on the vitality and opportunities germinated from the development of the Greater Bay Area. To increase Hong Kong's attractiveness as a place to do business, the Registry remains committed to promoting high standards of corporate governance, maintaining an efficient company registration system and facilitating business start-ups in Hong Kong. In this way, we seek to reinforce Hong Kong's standing as an international financial centre through an open, trusted and competitive business environment and further strengthen Hong Kong's role as a "super connector" and "super value-adder".

庫存股份制度

二零二五年四月，政府引入庫存股份制度，旨在令上市公司可因應特定目的持有、出售和轉讓回購股份，從而更靈活及更有效地調整股本。此舉亦可幫助吸引優質企業於香港成立控股公司並申請在香港上市，從而提升香港作為國際金融中心的競爭力。在該制度下，上市公司可以本身名義或透過代名人持有回購的股份作為庫存股份，並可於其後註銷、轉讓或出售該等股份，惟須符合適用於配發新股的批准要求。

便利本地公司以無紙化方式作出公司通訊

於二零二五年四月十七日生效的《2025年公司（修訂）條例》為公司透過網站發布公司通訊引入了一項新的默示同意機制，從而提升營運效率，降低成本，並進一步推廣環保營商模式。該機制補充現行透過網站作出通訊的明確同意及視作同意機制，讓公司可因應其股東結構及營運需要，更靈活地採用最合適的通訊方式。在默示同意的機制下，通知規定得以簡化，並同時設有適當的保障措施，以保障公司成員及債權證持有人的權益。

自新安排實施以來，本處一直積極促進相關的落實工作，包括發出專題指引（即《公司在默示同意機制下通過網站作出通訊的良好作業模式指引》），以及更新相關參考資料（例如《公司與外間的通訊指引》）。本處亦已發布常見問題及章程細則範本，以協助公司採用新的默示同意機制，並順利過渡至以無紙化方式進行公司通訊。

Treasury Share Regime

In April 2025, the treasury share regime was introduced to provide greater flexibility and efficiency for listed companies to adjust their share capital through holding, selling and transferring of shares bought back for specific purposes. This also helps attract quality companies to incorporate their holding entities and seek listing in Hong Kong, thereby enhancing Hong Kong's competitiveness as an international financial centre. Under the regime, listed companies may hold repurchased shares in their own name or through a nominee as treasury shares, and subsequently cancel, transfer or sell them subject to the same approval requirements that apply to the allotment of new shares.

Facilitating Paperless Corporate Communication for Hong Kong Companies

Came into operation on 17 April 2025, the Companies (Amendment) Ordinance 2025 introduced a new implied consent mechanism for the dissemination of corporate communications by means of website that would enhance operational efficiency, reduce costs and further promote eco-friendly business practices. This mechanism supplements the existing express consent and deemed consent mechanisms for website communications, giving companies greater flexibility to adopt the approach that best suits their shareholders' profiles and operational needs. Under the implied consent mechanism, notification requirements are streamlined while appropriate safeguards are put in place to protect the interests of members and debenture holders.

Since the commencement of the new arrangements, the Registry has actively facilitated their implementation by issuing a dedicated guidance note (i.e. the "Guidance Note — Good Practice on Communication by Company by Means of Website Under Implied Consent Mechanism") and by updating relevant reference materials such as the "Guide on Communications to and by Companies". The Registry has also published frequently asked questions and sample articles to assist companies in adopting the new implied consent mechanism and transitioning smoothly to paperless corporate communication.

信託及公司服務提供者註冊辦事處

為符合打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集活動的國際標準，並締造廉潔且值得信賴的營商環境，香港已實施多項措施加強其規管制度，包括於二零一八年引入信託及公司服務提供者發牌制度。在此發牌制度下，任何人擬在香港經營信託或公司服務業務，必須向信託及公司服務提供者註冊辦事處申請牌照，並通過「適當人選」評定，方可在香港經營信託或公司服務業務。信託或公司服務持牌人必須遵從《打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集條例》(第615章)(下稱《打擊洗錢條例》)有關打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集的條文，包括有關客戶盡職審查及備存紀錄的規定，以及履行其他法定責任，例如《打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集指引(信託或公司服務持牌人適用)》所載的規定及處長施加的發牌條件。

為貫徹採用風險為本方法監管信託或公司服務持牌人，該辦事處會進行實地巡查、面談及其他非實地監察工作(包括年度調查)，以確保信託或公司服務提供者牌照申請人及信託或公司服務持牌人符合所有規管要求。若發現不合規的情況，處長將發出勸諭信或警告信，並會在適當情況下提出檢控或採取紀律行動，例如公開譴責、罰款及／或命令作出糾正。如處長不再信納該信託或公司服務持牌人或其最終擁有人／合夥人／董事屬經營信託或公司服務業務的適當人選或屬與信託或公司服務業務有聯繫的適當人選，可撤銷或暫時吊銷其牌照。該辦事處亦會一如既往，致力與持份者保持溝通，並提高他們對打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集的意識，從而加深業界對《打擊洗錢條例》規定的了解。

The Registry for Trust and Company Service Providers

To comply with the international standards on combating money laundering and financing of terrorism and to foster a clean and trusted business environment, Hong Kong has strengthened its regulatory regimes by, among other things, introducing a licensing regime for Trust and Company Service Providers ("TCSPs") in 2018. Under the licensing regime, any person who wishes to carry on a trust or company service business in Hong Kong must apply to the Registry for a licence and satisfy the "fit-and-proper" test before providing trust or company services as a business in Hong Kong. TCSP licensees are required to comply with the anti-money laundering and counter-financing of terrorism ("AML/CFT") provisions under the Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing Ordinance (Cap. 615) ("AMLO"), including customer due diligence and record-keeping requirements, and other statutory obligations such as the requirements set out in the Guideline on Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Financing of Terrorism (For Trust or Company Service Provider Licensees) and the licensing conditions imposed by the Registrar.

In line with the risk-based approach to the supervision of TCSP licensees, the Registry conducts on-site inspections, interviews and other off-site monitoring including annual survey to ensure that applicants for TCSP licences and TCSP licensees meet all regulatory requirements. Where non-compliance is identified, the Registrar will issue advisory or warning letters and, where appropriate, pursue prosecutions or disciplinary actions such as public reprimands, pecuniary penalties and/or remedial orders. A licence may be revoked or suspended if the Registrar is no longer satisfied that the TCSP licensee or its ultimate owner/partner/director is fit and proper to carry on, or to be associated with, a trust or company service business. The Registry also remains committed to ongoing stakeholder engagement and promoting awareness that deepens the sector's understanding of the AMLO requirements.

加強對放債人的規管

由處長出任的放債人註冊處處長與財庫局緊密合作，加強規管持牌放債人（下稱「放債人」）及更好地保障公眾利益。

在二零二五年六月二十三日至八月二十二日期間，政府展開加強規管放債人的公眾諮詢，以徵詢公眾就一系列擬議措施的意見，包括收緊規管無抵押個人貸款、更好保障公眾利益、以及加強宣傳教育以解決過度借貸的問題。諮詢總結於二零二六年三月十三日公布。社會普遍大力支持加強規管放債人，並認同應採取針對性措施處理過度借貸問題。擬議措施獲公眾廣泛支持。

具體措施會分兩個階段實施。第一階段措施主要涵蓋設立低收入人士無抵押個人貸款的「還款佔入息比率」上限、禁止放債人要求借款人提供貸款諮詢人，以及規定放債人必須在其借貸廣告中加入本處指明的風險提示字句，該等措施定於二零二六年八月一日實施。至於第二階段有關「信資通」的措施，預期將於二零二七年六月一日推出。此外，政府會審慎檢視持份者對修訂《放債人條例》提出的其他建議是否可行，並就具體的法例修訂建議諮詢公眾。

Enhancing the Regulation of Money Lenders

The Registrar of Money Lenders, a role performed by the Registrar, works closely with the FSTB to strengthen the regulation of licensed money lenders (“money lenders”) and better safeguard the public interest.

From 23 June to 22 August 2025, a public consultation on enhancing the regulation of money lenders was launched to invite views on a range of proposed measures, including tighter regulation of unsecured personal loans, stronger protection of the public interest, and stepped-up publicity and education to address excessive borrowing. The consultation conclusions were published on 13 March 2026. In general, the community expressed strong support for strengthening the regulation of money lenders and agreed that targeted measures should be implemented to address excessive borrowing. The proposed measures received broad public support.

Specific measures will be implemented in two phases. The first phase will mainly include introducing “debt servicing ratio” caps for unsecured personal loans granted to low-income earners, prohibiting money lenders from requiring borrowers to provide loan referees, and requiring money lenders to include a risk warning statement specified by the Registry in their money lending advertisements. These measures are scheduled for implementation on 1 August 2026. Measures relating to Credit Data Smart (CDS) under the second phase are expected to be rolled out on 1 June 2027. In addition, the Government will carefully examine the feasibility of stakeholders’ other various suggestions for amending the Money Lenders Ordinance, and consult the public on specific legislative amendment proposals.

年內，放債人註冊處處長繼續向放債人進行年度、專題及季度調查，通過這些定期工作監察市場情況，以支援更有效地規管放債人。為加強收集有關處理投訴及債務追討活動的資料，放債人註冊處處長已於二零二六年引入新規定，要求放債人提交有關處理投訴及債務追討資料的季度報表。此外，為提高處理針對放債人的投訴的透明度，本處網站「放債人牌照」欄目下「有關持牌放債人的投訴」的次欄目亦予以重整，協助公眾更清楚了解本處如何處理放債人的投訴和在回應投訴方面的服務承諾。從放債人收集得來的投訴處理熱線資料，即「持牌放債人處理投訴的熱線電話號碼清單」亦已上載至本處網站，以便公眾查閱相關放債人的聯絡資料並作出投訴。

至於打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集方面，本處會繼續採用風險為本方法進行實地巡查，以執行於二零二五年三月三日修訂並生效的《打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集指引(持牌放債人適用)》。

During the year, the Registrar of Money Lenders continues to conduct the annual, thematic and quarterly surveys on money lenders. Through these regular exercises, the Registrar of Money Lenders monitors market conditions, thereby supporting more effective regulation of money lenders. To enhance the collection of information on complaint handling and debt collection activities, a new requirement was introduced in 2026 for money lenders to submit quarterly returns on information on complaint handling and debt collection. In addition, to enhance transparency in the handling of complaints against money lenders, the Registry reconstructs the subsection on “Complaints against Licensed Money Lenders” under “Licensing of Money Lenders” on the Registry’s website to help the public better understand the Registry’s handling of money lender complaints and the Registry’s performance pledge in responding to complaints. Information on complaint handling hotlines collected from money lenders will also be made available on the Registry’s website as “List of licensed money lenders’ telephone hotlines for handling complaints” so that the public can obtain contact details of relevant money lenders for filing complaints.

On the AML/CFT front, the Registry will continue to enforce the Guideline on Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Financing of Terrorism (For Licensed Money Lenders) which was revised and came into effect on 3 March 2025 through on-site inspections on a risk-based approach.